

Trevisker History concept map

Rationale

Our whole school ethos is reflected in our motto 'Friendship and Respect, Learn for Life'. At Trevisker, we believe becoming a curious, inquisitive, critical and passionate Historian begins with great enthusiasm as children begin their journeys with us in EYFS. Our ambitious curricular goals enable our children's fascination with the past to flourish via a progressive route up through Key Stage 1 and 2. This enables our learners to build upon their understanding of how people's lives have shaped our nation and how Britain has helped to shape the wider world. Our knowledge rich curriculum aims to develop children's understanding of substantive concepts whilst expanding their historical enquiry skills and making connections between what has happened before and their own identity in the present day.

	EYFS				
Unit	What makes me special?	What's in the toybox? (KS)	How has our school changed? Stories from the past.		
Concept					
Thread		See Early Learning Goals.			
Intent					
Assessment check points	Children who are secure will be able to: retell stories, sequence photographs or other images, make oral observations.				
		Year 1			
Unit	Where can you find castles in Cornwall? (KS)	Why do we burn guys on the bonfire? (KS)	How have seaside holiday changed? (KS)		
Disciplinary	Similarities and Differences	Historical significance	Historical interpretation		
Skill			Sources and evidence		
Golden	Local Study	Events and people	 Local study 		
thread	Monarchy	Monarchy			
	Settlement	(London link for residential)			
Component	What is the story of Restormel Castle?	Why is Guys Fawkes an important historical	How were holidays in Newquay different in		
		figure?	the past?		
Composites	C1: Identify features of castles.	C1: Recall information about bonfire night.	C1: Use photographs to explain how		
	C2: Explain the lead up to the Battle of Hastings.	C2: Explain the events of bonfire night. C3: Describe what went wrong with the plot	holidays in Newquay were different in the 1950s		
	C3: Explain the roles in medieval castles and	and how we know.	C2: Describe leisure activities at the seaside.		
	compare to modern households.	C4: Intercept a TV representation of the	C3: Use photographs to explain how		
	C4. Comparing Norman Britain to Britain	Gunpowder plot.	holidays in Newquay were different in the		
	today.	C5: Debate if it is right to burn guys on the	Victorian era.		
	C5 Compare the Tower of London to then	bonfire.	C4: Describe seaside leisure activities in the		
	and now.		Victorian era.		
	C6 Compare the first and last known castles		C5: Compare and contrast the reasons		
	in Cornwall.		people went to the seaside on the 1950s and the Victorian era.		
			the victorialities.		

Visits	Restormel Castle visit		Mawgan Porth - Newquay
Motivator day	Castle Drogo		
Y1	Children who are secure will be able to:	Children who are secure will be able to:	Assessment task- Victorian beach image (Keystage)
Assessment	Identify features of a castle	Retell the main events of the story of Guy	Children who are secure will be able to:
check point	- Identity reductes of a castic	Fawkes.	Go beyond identifying clothes and can identify some Victorian features.
		Year 2	
Unit	Why are Mary Seacole and Florence	How did the Great fire change London? (KS)	How did Columbus and Neil Armstong
	Nightingale remembered? (KS)		change the world? (KS)
Disciplinary Skill	Similarities and Differences	Continuity and Change	Similarities and Differences
Golden thread	Significant people and events	Civilisation and Settlements	Significant people and events
Component	Why are Mary Seacole and Florence	How did the Great fire change London?	How did Columbus and Neil Armstong
	Nightingale remembered?		change the world?
Composites	C1: Explain the achievements of Florence	C1: Explain why the great fire started.	C1: Explain how Columbus become famous.
	Nightingale.	C2: Discuss how we know the events of the	C2: Describe why Neil Armstong became
	C2: Contrast how life changed for Florence	great fire.	famous and his motivation.
	Nightingale after the Crimean war.	C3: Infer why the Great fire burnt so many	C3: Use sources to describe the journey of
	C3: Use sources to describe the story of	houses.	Columbus.
	Mary Seacole.	C4: Discuss what more could be done to stop	C4: Use sources to recount the journey of
	C4: Contrast how life changed for Mary	the spread.	Neil Armstong.
	Seacole after the Crimean war.	C5: Discuss significant figures in the Great	C5: Compare and contrast the journey of
	C5: Compare and contrast the achievements	fire.	Columbus and Armstrong.
	of Mary Seacole and Florence Nightingale.	C6: Describe the impact of the fire on London.	C6: Describe how each historical figure should be remembered.
Visits	A parent who is a doctor or nurse to visit.	Cereal house burning	Visit from an explorer/military
Motivator			
Day			
Assessment	Assessment task- what is wrong with the image of	Assessment task- image stimulus- why did so many	Assessment task-
check point	Mary Seacole? (Keystage) Children who are secure will be able to:	houses burn down? (Keystage) Children who are secure will be able to:	Children who are secure will be able to:
Y2	Cililater wito are secure will be able to.	Ciliaren wilo are secure will be able to.	

Identify similarities and differences between	 Identify what the houses were made of, 	 Identify similarities between Armstrong and
Nightingale and Seacole.	wind, closeness of houses	Columbus

	Year 3				
Unit	What was like to be Egyptian? (KS)	How did life change from the Stone Age to the Iron Age? (KS)	How did the Romans change Britain? (KS)		
Disciplinary Skill	Sources and evidence	Similarity and difference Continuity and change	Cause and Consequence		
Golden thread	Technology advancementCivilisation and settlement	Civilisation and settlementLocal Study	Invasion and ConflictEmpire		
Component	What was lifelike in Ancient Egypt?	How did life change from the Stone Age to the Iron Age?	How did the Romans change Britain?		
Composites	C1: Place Ancient Egypt on a timeline and name key events. C2: Use sources to learn about life in Ancient Egypt. C3: Explain the rulers of Ancient Egypt. C4: Describe the mummification process. C5: Discuss the Ancient Egyptian beliefs about the afterlife. C6: Describe who built the pyramids. Interpret the Prince of Egypt.	C1: Use evidence to discuss if Stone Age was just a hunter/gather. C2: Describe how life change when man learnt to farm. C3: Use Skara Brea to describe life in the Stone Brea. C4: Describe how life continued and developed in the Bronze. C5: Describe how life developed in the Iron Age. C6: Local study: Castle and Dinas C7: Local study: School Celtic village	C1: Explain why the Romans invaded Britain. C2: Describe the conflict between the Romans and the Celts. C3: Describe how the Romans controlled their empire. C4: Use sources to describe life in a Roman town. C5: Describe the decline of Roman empire. C6: Explain the legacy of the Romans in Britain.		
Visits Motivator Day	Truro Museum	Castle and Dinas School ground	Roman visitor – army man		
Assessment check point Y3	'How does this picture show that the Ancient Egyptians believed in the afterlife?' Children who are secure will be able to: • Identify Egyptian artifacts and symbolic meaning	simple sequencing of unseen images followed by reason why changes have occurred over time. Children who are secure will be able to: Use reasoning to justify choices identifying key concepts.	Short written explanation or, for some, the completion of two speech bubbles. Children who are secure will be able to: To use factual knowledge to explain how Romans lived in Britain.		

	Year 4				
Unit	How did the Greeks change the world? (KS)	Were the Saxon times really the Dark Ages? (KS)	How should we remember the Vikings? (KS)		
Disciplinary Skill	Historical significance	Cause and Consequence.	Historical interpretation		
Golden thread	LegacyTechnology advancementEmpire	MonarchyInvasion	Invasion and Conflict		
Component	What is the legacy of the Greek empire?	How did the Saxons change Britain?	How should we remember the Vikings?		
Composites	C1: Use sources to research life in Ancient Greece. C2: Describe how the Greek empire remained so strong. C3: Explain the limitations of the Greek democracy. C4: Use sources and evidence to learn about leisure activities. C5: Compare the modern Olympics with the Ancient Greek Olympics. C6: Describe the legacy the Greeks left on the modern world.	C1: Explain why the Saxons invaded Britain. Use evidence to explain the Savon invasion. C2: Case Study: Sutton Hoo C3: Describe how Christianity change Britain. C4: Use sources explain the reign of Alfred the Great C5: Describe the reign of Alfred the great changed Britain. C6: Bodmin link: Athelstan	C1: Describe why the Vikings invaded Britain and where they came from. C2: Use sources to describe the Lindisfarne invasion and interpret the Viking reputation. C3: Use sources to explain Viking settlements. C4: Explain how their transport made Vikings so successful. C5: Describe the Viking trade routes around the world. C6: Debate how we should remember the Vikings.		
Visits Motivator Day	Greek workshop Truro museum	Possible links to Tintagel as they were trading during the Saxon times but they weren't Saxons. Saxon visiting man (?)	Viking visit to Falmouth maritime museum		
Assessment check point Y4	Assessment task- use image Children who are secure will be able to: Make simple deductions from evidence What legacies did Ancient Greece leave behind?	Assessment task on Keystage. Children who are secure will be able to: • Identify the main changes that took place in Anglo-Saxon England. (Can identify at least 3.)	Assessment task on Keystage. Children who are secure will be able to: • Identify the Vikings were invaders and settlers.		

•	Identify evidence was often written by	
	monks.	

	Year 5				
Unit	Was the Victorian era the Golden age of British History? (KS)	Why were the Mayans a significant civilization? (KS)	Why was WW1 called the great war? (PB)		
Disciplinary Skill	Continuity and change	Sources and evidence	Cause and consequence		
Golden	Technological advancement	Civilisation and Settlements	Invasion and conflict		
thread	Monarchy				
Component	Was the Victorian era the Golden age of British History?	Why were the Mayans a significant civilization?	Why was WW1 called the great war?		
Composites	C1: Explore the most important changes during this era. C2: Use sources of evidence to explore what life was like in a Victorian factory. C3: Explain why people left the countryside for the towns. C4: Explore the main changes in transport during this era. C5: Explore features of Victorian society. C6: Describe the negative and positive consequences of the Victorian era.	C1: Use sources to explore why the Maya are important to study. C2: Describe how the Maya became so important. C3: Use sources and evidence to learn about what life was like for the Maya. C4: Use sources and evidence to explore the Maya 1000 years ago. C5: Explain why the Maya may have carried out sacrifices. C6: Explore reasons for the decline of the Maya Empire.	C1: Explore what lead to the start of WW1 C2: Use evidence to research what life was like on the Western Front. C3: Explore the advancements of warfare that occurred during WW1. C4: Use sources of evidence to explore the involvement of animals in WW1. C5: Use sources of evidence to explore what life was like for the people in Britain in WW1. C6: Use sources of evidence to explore what happened afterwards.		
Visits Motivator Day	Lanhydrock House Truro museum workshop Cornish mine-Wheal Martyn	Eden project- link to rain forests & chocolate	Imperial war museum -London Local war memorial-Bodmin war museum		
Assessment check point Y5	Assessment task- how can we tell the image is of Victorian era? (Keystage) Children who are secure will be able to: • Identify iconic images • Refer to factories and architecture	Assessment task -what do these 3 pictures tell us about Maya life 1000years ago? (Keystage) Children who are secure will be able to: • Identify features of farming, buildings, religion	Assessment task-Class debate-Was WW1 inevitable? Children who are secure will be able to: • Use evidence learnt to support their argument.		

	Year 6				
Unit	How did World War 2 change Britain? (KS)	How has crime and punishment changed? (KS) Thematic	How has propaganda influenced how we remember significant individuals? (KS) Thematic		
Disciplinary Skill	Historical interpretation	Similarity and differences Sources and evidence	Sources and evidence		
Golden thread	Invasion and Conflict	CivilisationLocal	Monarchy		
Component	2025 How did World War 2 change Britain? 2024-	How has crime and punishment changed?	How has propaganda influenced how we remember significant individuals? (Beyond face value)		
Composites	C1: Sequencing the events which lead to war. C2: Explore reasons why the government were so positive about evacuation. C3: Use sources of evidence to explore how the government prepared to stand firm against the Germans. C4: Describe a range of roles adults played on the home front which were unique to these times. C5: Using sources to find evidence of propaganda. C6: Explore and explain how depictions of VE day differ.	C1: Use sources of evidence to identify a link between food prices and crime rates in the past. C2: Explore medieval justice systems using evidence. C3: Using sources of evidence, explore how the justice system changed between 1500 and 1750. C4: Explain why punishments became so bloody in the 18 Century. C5: Explore how transportations were seen in the 19 th Century. C6: interpret data for evidence of improved crime detection.	C1: Use sources of evidence to explore how monarchs used portraits to convey messages. C2: Explore how Monarchs controlled their portraits and the consequences involved. C3: Using sources of evidence to investigate why it can be difficult to find truthful depictions of history. C4: Explore the reasons for propaganda. C5: Identify who the target audiences are for sources of evidence in history. C6: Explore the reliance of historical sources of evidence.		
Visits	Bodmin military museum	Visit by a police person.	(Live link to a newsroom?)		
Motivator	Truro museum WW2 workshop	Bodmin Jail	Poster artist?		
Day	Possible visit by somebody who lived through the war.	Bodmin law courts Charlotte Diamond monument	Advertising company		

	Local war memorial Local links to WW2 St.Eval airfield		
Assessment check point Y6	Assessment task- how do we know the image is from WW2? Children who are secure will be able to: Confidently identify features of WW2 Identify shortages & rationing	Assessment- Quiz/discussion Children who are secure will be able to: • Explain how crime and punishment has changed through the ages	Assessment- Quiz Children who are secure will be able to: • Explain the role of propaganda through the ages

KS –Keystage history resources

PB- Plan bee resources